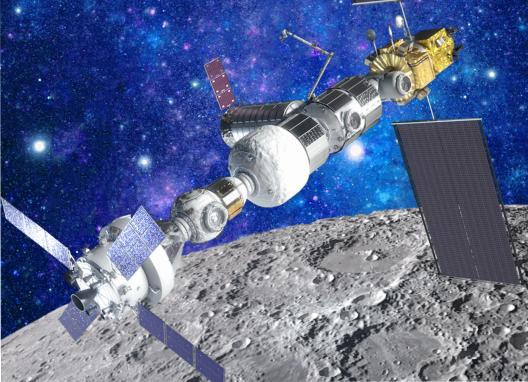


# Forward to the Moon

EXPLORER ACTIVITIES

Ages 5-12



# EXPLOREMOON TO MARS

As the nation celebrates the 50th anniversary of the Apollo Moon landing on July 20, 2019, NASA has its sights set on traveling forward to the Moon—

# this time to stay!

NASA's long-term human exploration of the Moon will pave the way for human exploration of Mars.

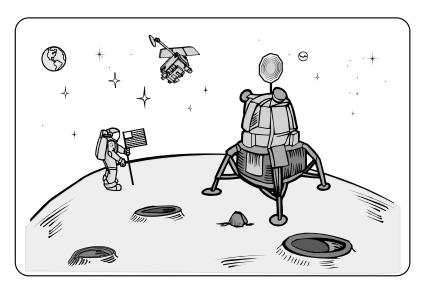
#### **Activity Ratings:**

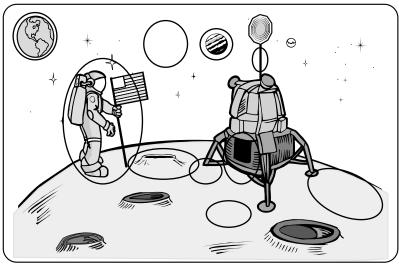
☆ easiest ☆☆ more challenging ☆☆☆ most challenging



# **Lunar Exploration**

Find and circle 10 differences between the two images.



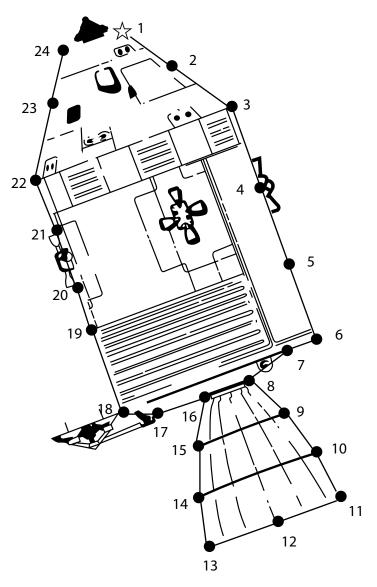


#### **CELEBRATING 50 YEARS**

and looking forward to the future of space exploration!

# **Command and Service Module**

Connect the dots.

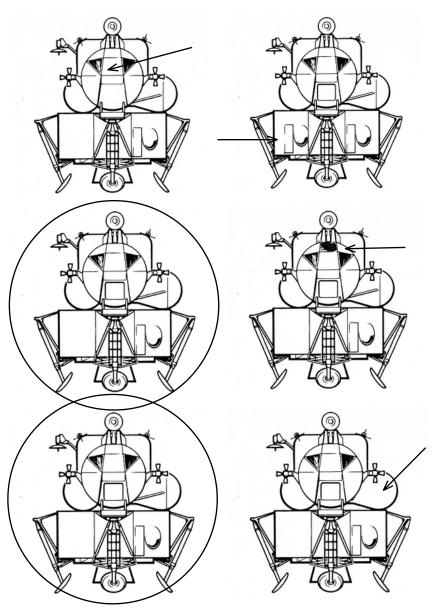


Carried Apollo astronauts from Earth to lunar orbit and back to Earth.



# **Lunar Modules**

Circle the two identical Lunar Modules.

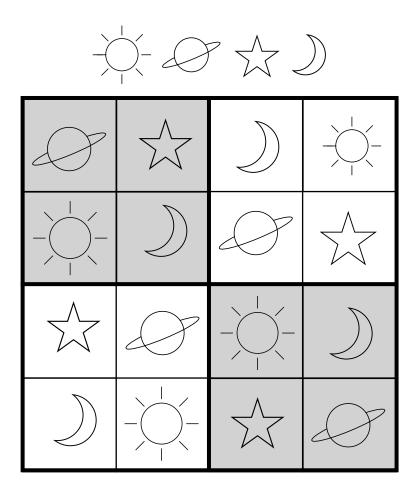


Carried Apollo astronauts from the Command and Service Module to the surface of the Moon and back. Also called the LEM (Lunar Excursion Module).



# **Space Explorer Puzzle**

Fill in the empty squares. Each shape should appear once in each row, column, and two-by-two block.



#### **Did You Know?**

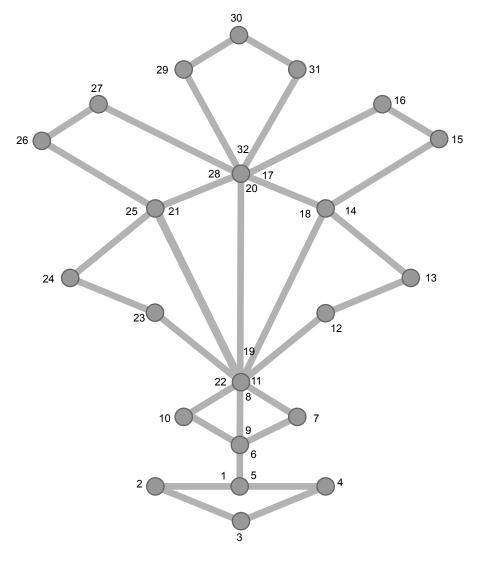
On July 20, 1969, Neil Armstrong became the first person to walk on the surface of the Moon?

To date, 24 humans have visited the Moon and 12 have walked on its surface.



# **Continuous Path**

Trace the shape below with one continuous line. Do not retrace any lines, and do not add new ones.



"That's one small step for a man, one giant leap for mankind."

First words spoken from the surface of the Moon. Neil Armstrong, July 20, 1969.



# Forward to the Moon and on to Mars

Traveling to the **Moon** and **Mars** requires **powerful rockets.** 

The SLS (Space Launch System), is NASA's newest and most powerful rocket.

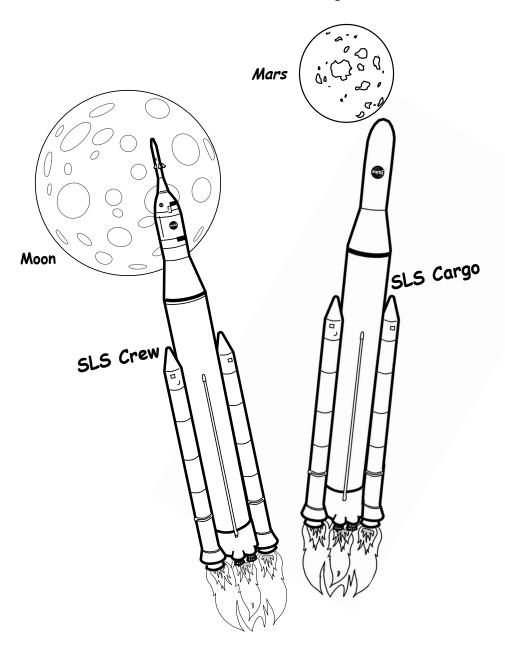
SLS Crew will transport the Orion spacecraft, astronauts, and a large cargo supply to deep space destinations.

**SLS Cargo** will launch **heavy cargo** to deep space destinations.

**SLS** will provide the power to help Orion reach a **speed** of at least **24,500 miles per hour** needed to break out of **low-Earth orbit**.

# **NASA's Newest Rockets**

Color SLS Crew and SLS Cargo.





# **NASA's Next Human Spacecraft**

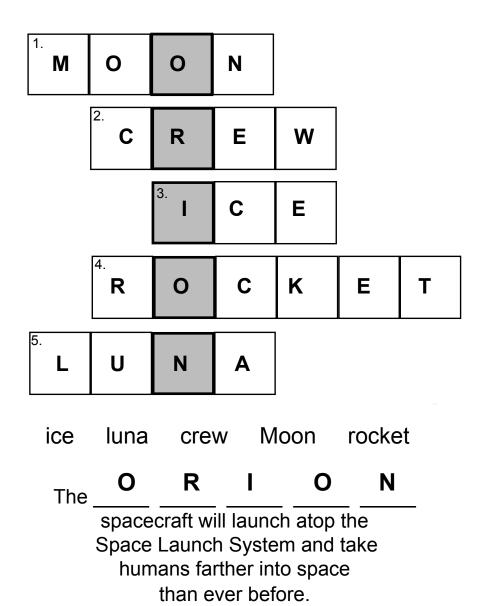
Match the words on the opposite page to the clues below to reveal the name of NASA's next human spacecraft.

(Activity continues on page 9.)

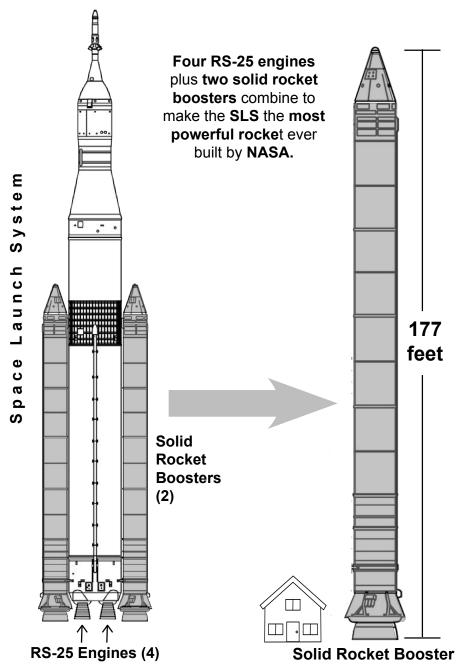
- 1. NASA is building the Lunar Gateway, a new spaceship that will orbit the:
- 2. The Space Launch System has two types of rockets, one for heavy cargo and one for:
- 3. NASA satellites show that the Moon has large amounts of water stored as:
- 4. The Space Launch System will be NASA's newest and most powerful:
- 5. The Latin word for Moon is:







# **Providing Power for the SLS**



If the average house is
20 feet tall, about how
many houses could be
stacked on top of each
other to reach the height
of the solid rocket booster?

Answer: 9

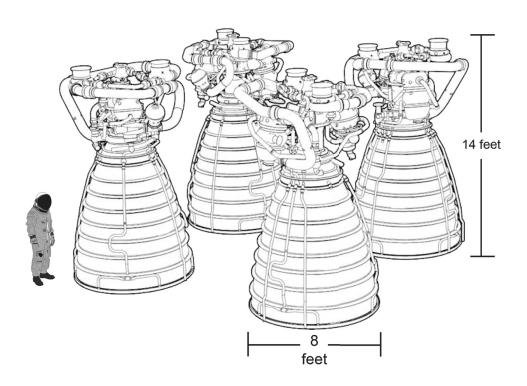
9 x 20 feet = 180 feet

If the average astronaut is

6 feet tall, about how
many astronauts could
stand on top of each
other to reach the height
of the RS-25 engine?

Answer: **2** 

2 x 6 feet = 12 feet



**RS-25 Engines** 



### **Make New Words**

Make as many words as you can from the letters in:

# PROPULSION

There are many more words than those below. Two- to three-letter words:

in	is	ion	lip
oil	our	pin	pun
rip	run	sin	sip
sir	son	sun	urn
Four-letter words:	loon	oils	onus
_			
pool	poor	// pops	pour
ruin	soup	spur	upon
Five-letter words:	$\mathcal{H}$	//	
irons	lions//	plops	polio
pupil	slurp	sloop	spoil
spool	spoon	spurn	unrip
Six-letter words:			
poison W	poplin	porous	prison
1 ,7 1	1217)		

PROPULSION - to drive an object forward.

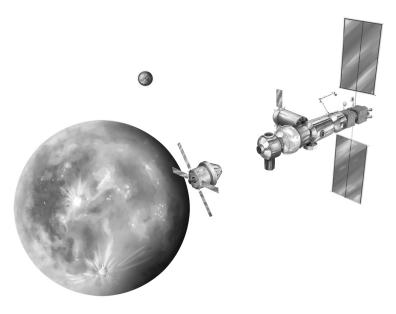


# **Lunar Gateway**

NASA is working with its partners to design and build the Lunar Gateway, a small spaceship that will orbit the Moon.

Astronauts will live and work in the Gateway for several months at a time. They will travel to the surface of the Moon and explore how the Moon can help astronauts travel to Mars.

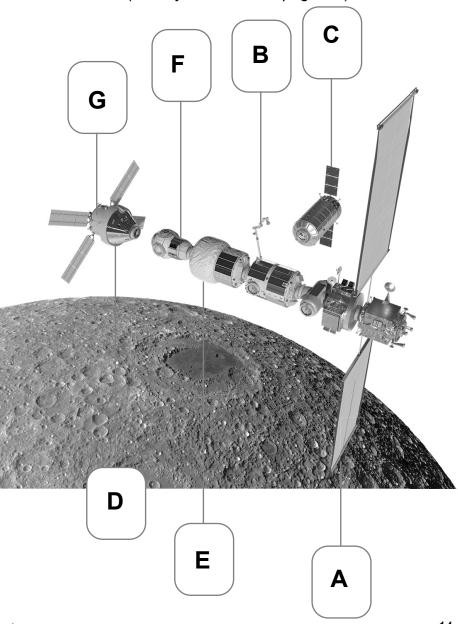
Living in the Lunar Gateway will help astronauts learn how to survive in deep space and prepare for future expeditions to Mars.

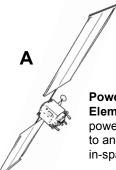


# Living and Working in Space

Match each part of the Lunar Gateway on the opposite page to the assembled model below. Write the letter of each part in the correct boxes.

(Activity continues on page 15.)

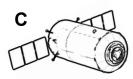




**Power and Propulsion Element.** Provides power, communication to and from Earth, and in-space transportation.



Robotic Arm. Mechanical arm to help spacecraft dock to the Lunar Gateway.



Cargo Resupply. Delivers food and other cargo to the Lunar Gateway.



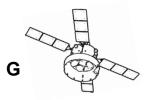
Orion Spacecraft. Transports astronauts deeper into space than ever before.

Habitation Module. Where astronauts will live and work.





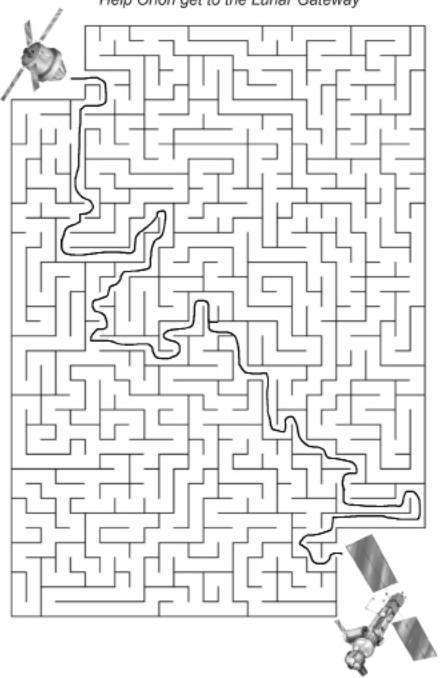
Airlock. Airtight room with two entrances that allow astronauts to go on a spacewalk without letting air out of the spacecraft.



Orion Service Module. Supplies electricity, propulsion, temperature control, and the air and water needed for space travel.

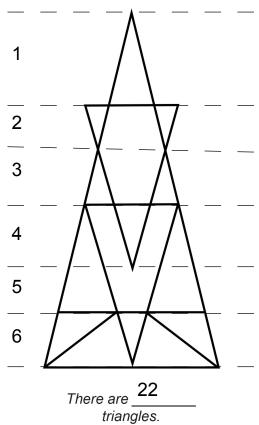
# **Destination: Lunar Gateway**

Help Orion get to the Lunar Gateway



# **How Many Triangles?**

How many triangles are in the drawing below?



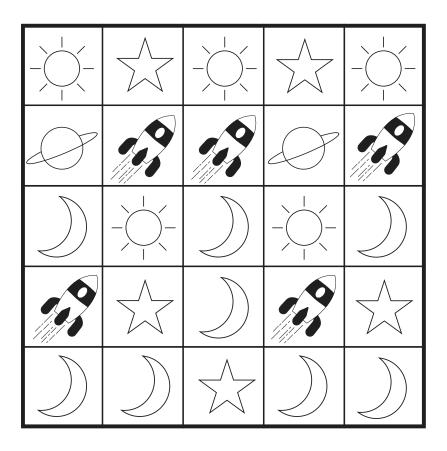
Divide the diagram into six levels. Count the number of triangles that occupy one level, then the number of triangles that occupy two levels. Continue this pattern until you reach six levels.

1-level triangles	11
2-level triangles	2
3-level triangles	7
4-level triangles	0
5-level triangles	1
6-level triangles	1
	22

☆/☆☆/☆☆☆

# **Complete the Pattern**

Draw the picture that comes next in each row.

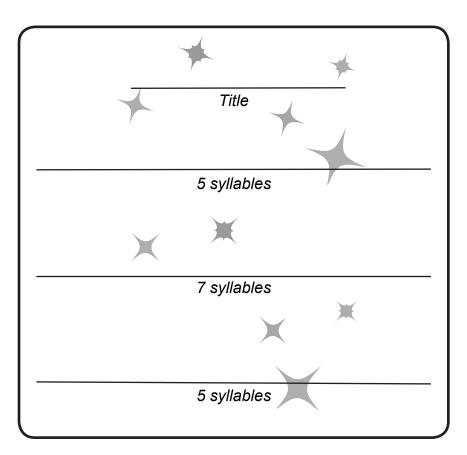


# Space Haiku

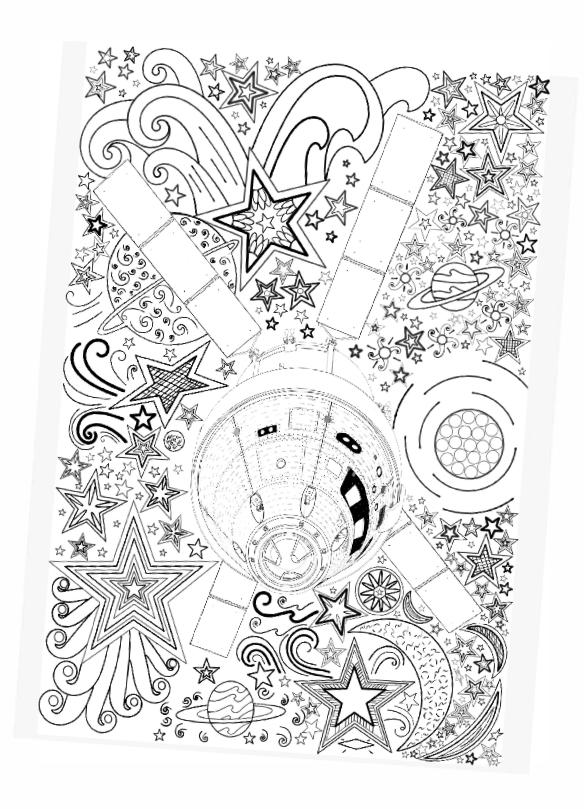
Create a haiku. Use the words below or choose your own.

A haiku is a poem with three lines.
The first line has five syllables. The second line, seven.
The third line has five syllables.

space	gateway	explorer	life
galaxy	stars	liftoff	frontier
solar	system	challenge	Orion
launch	rocket	Moon	planet
surface	challenge	explore	lunar
wonder	astronaut	Mars	unknown
mission	expand	human	quest

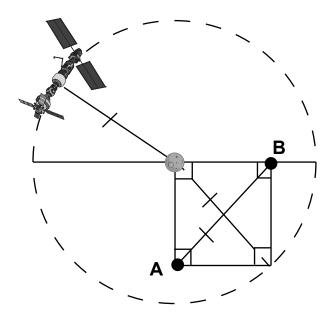






# **Lunar Gateway Orbit**

Determine the distance between the Moon and the Lunar Gateway.



The Lunar Gateway is in a circular orbit around the Moon. If the distance between point A and point B is 930 miles, what is the distance between the Moon and the Lunar Gateway?

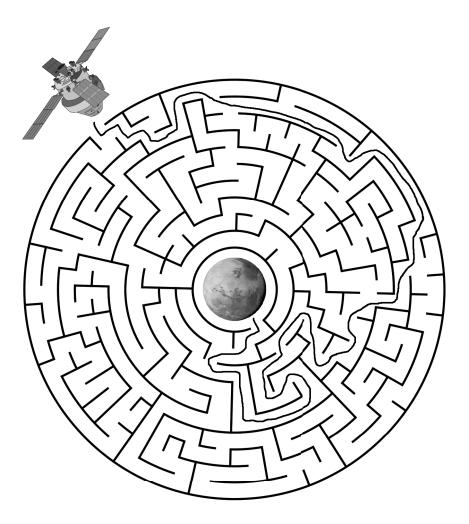
The Lunar Gateway is \_\_\_930\_\_\_ miles from the Moon.

We know the quadrilateral is a rectangle because of the two right angles on opposite corners. The diagonals of a rectangle are of equal length. The diagonal of the rectangle is also the radius of the circle. The distance between the Gateway and the Moon is equal to the radius of the circle. Therefore, the Gateway is 930 miles from the Moon.



#### **Orion Maze**

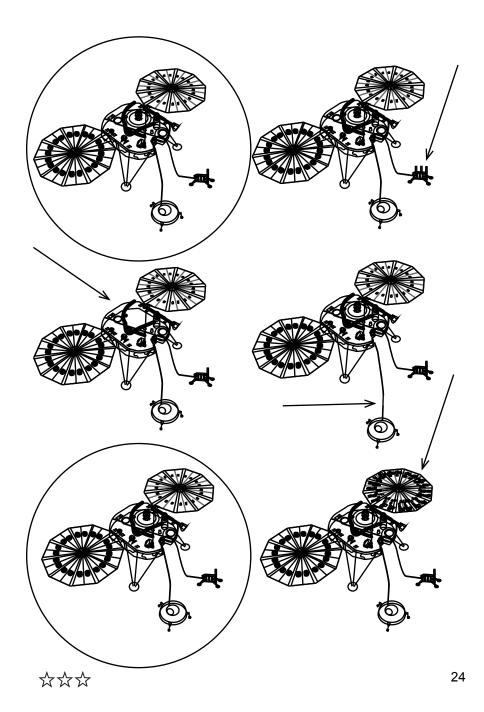
Help Orion find Mars.



The Orion spacecraft will carry astronauts to the Lunar Gateway, Mars, and other deep space destinations. Orion is designed to keep crew safe during long periods of space travel and will be able to withstand the harsh environment of reentry into the Earth's atmosphere.

# **Identical Landers**

Circle the two identical Mars Insight landers.



# Sudoko

Fill the empty squares so that each number 1 through 6 appears exactly once in each row, column, and each three-by-two block.

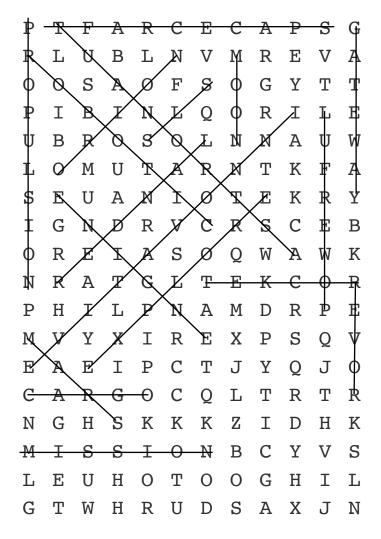
6	4	5	2	1	3
2	1	3	6	4	5
5	6	4	3	2	1
3	2	1	5	6	4
4	5	6	1	3	2
1	3	2	4	5	6





#### **Moon to Mars Word Search**

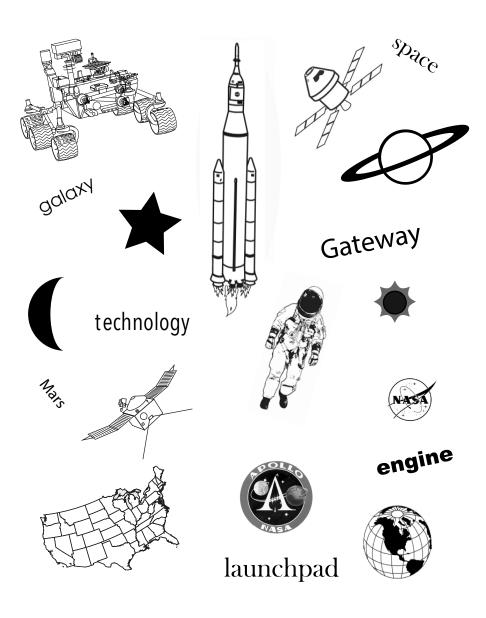
Circle the words below.



ASTRONAUT PROPULSION GATEWAY MARS LANDER EXPLORE ROCKET MOON CARGO SLS MISSION ROVER POWERFUL
ORION
ROBOTIC
INNOVATIVE
ENGINE
SPACECRAFT

# **Space Exploration Memory Test**

Study the page for 30 seconds. Then turn the page and write down as many objects and words as you can remember.



# **Space Exploration Recall**

Study the previous page for 30 seconds. Write down as many objects and words as you can remember.

rover	NASA logo
star	Apollo patch
moon	globe
satellite	galaxy
United States	technology
rocket	space
Orion capsule	Gateway
planet	Mars
astronaut	engine
sun	launchpad

#### Sudoko

Fill the empty squares so that each number 1 through 9 appears exactly once in each row, column, and each three-by-three block.

9	5	4	6	3	8	2	7	1
8	7	3	2	4	1	5	6	9
1	6	2	7	9	5	8	3	4
2	9	7	8	6	3	4	1	5
6	4	5	1	7	2	9	8	3
3	1	8	4	5	9	7	2	6
4	3	1	9	2	7	6	5	8
7	8	9	5	1	6	3	4	2
5	2	6	3	8	4	1	9	7

NASA hires people with excellent math skills to achieve its complex and challenging missions.

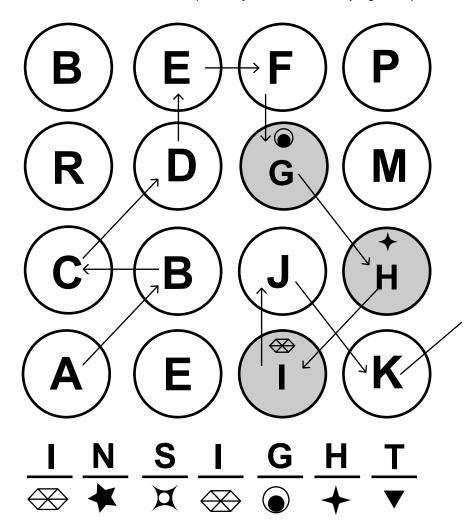


# **Alphabet Path**

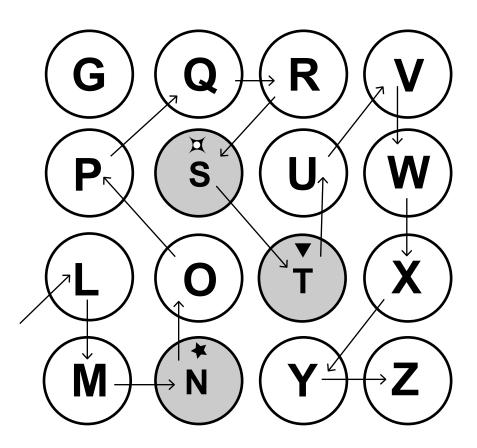


1. In one continuous line, connect the letters of the alphabet from A to Z. If you do not see the next letter of the alphabet in a neighboring circle, add the correct letter to a shaded circle.

(Activity continues on page 31.)

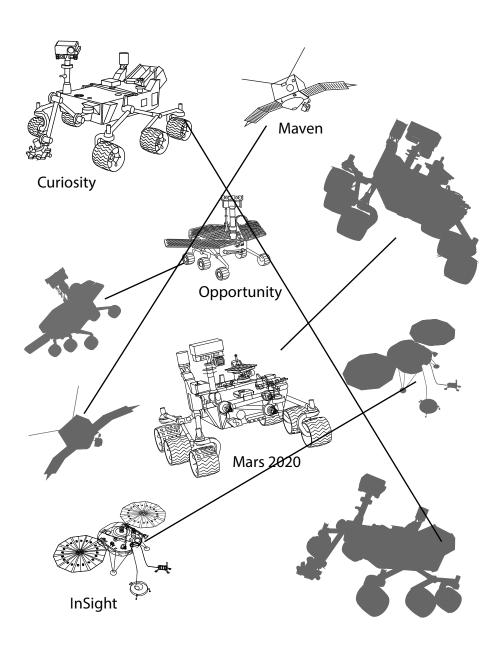


2. Match the symbols from the shaded circles to the symbols on the bottom of the opposite page. Then write in the corresponding letters to reveal the name of the NASA lander that arrived on Mars on November 26, 2018.



# Satellites, Rovers, and Lander

Match each Mars observer to its shadow.



# **Two Moons of Mars**

Fill in the numbers 1 through 9 so that each equation is correct. Use each number only once.

P 4	+	8	•	D 2	= 8
+		•		X	
н 7	+	0 1	X	<b>E</b> 5	= 12
				_	
в 9	•	<b>s</b> 3	+	<b>M</b> 6	= 9
= 2		= 5		= 4	

Match the letter in each box to the code below to reveal the names of the two moons of Mars.

Р	Н	0	В	0	S
4	7	1	9	1	3



\_\_\_\_13.8 miles



D	Е	I	М	0	S
2	5	8	6	1	3

☆☆/☆☆☆

#### Be a Martian!

Use the code to reveal a message from NASA.

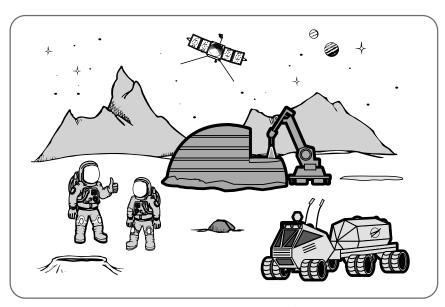
#### Mars needs YOU!

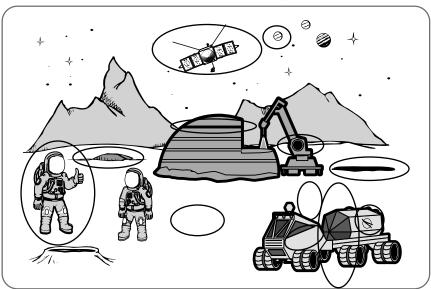
Mars will need all kinds of explorers, scientists, engineers, technologists, artists, designers, mathematicians, programmers, and teachers,

but most of all, Mars will need YOU!

# Life on Mars

Find and mark 12 differences in the two pictures.

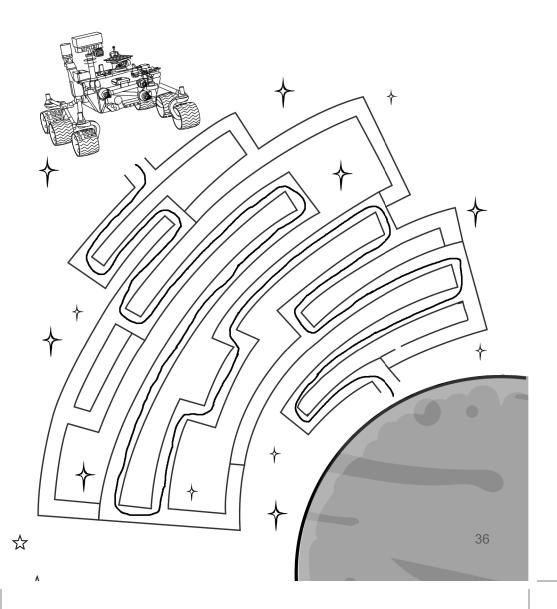






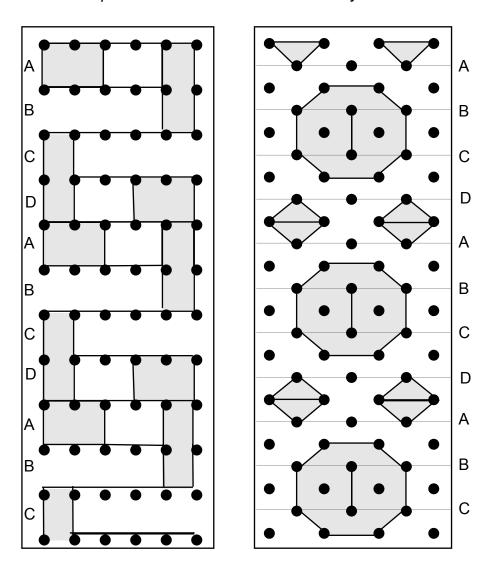
# **Land on Mars**

Help the Mars 2020 rover safely land on Mars.



# **Complete the Pattern**

Complete shading the boxes below by continuing the patterns that have been started for you.

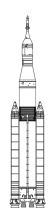


Scientists and engineers look for patterns to make sense of observations.



#### What Do You Think?

Circle your response for each question. Objects are not to scale.



#### Which is taller?

Space Launch System Crew

OR

Statue of Liberty

The SLS Crew will stand at 322 feet tall. The Statue of Liberty is 305 feet tall.



#### How many elephants?

About how many elephants could fit in the cargo area of the first SLS Crew rocket?

1-2

10-12 100-120





#### Which is taller?

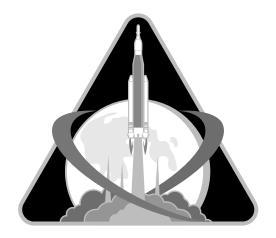
Hyperion, the worlds tallest known Redwood tree OR the first SLS Cargo rocket

Hyperion is 379.1 feet tall. SLS Block 1 Cargo will be 313 feet tall. Later versions of SLS will extend to 365 feet tall.



# **Small Steps to Giant Leaps**

Unscramble the tiles to reveal a message.



е	р	s.	G	i	а	р	S			(	f
	а			S	t		b	u	n	t	
i	е	S	s	е	r	i	I	t	а	I	I
а	r	е		0	n	Ι	е	а		S	m

Giant leaps

are built on

a series of

small steps.

#### **Create Your Own Stanza**

Finish "Moving Forward to the Moon" on the opposite page by adding seven more lines. Have the second, fourth, and sixth lines end in rhyming words. Be sure to include humans traveling to Mars since that is the next giant leap.

1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	
6.	
7.	



# Moving Forward to the Moon

We're moving forward to the Moon
To build a colony
Fifty years of exploration
And more we'd like to see
We will unite the world through space
To stretch our boundaries
As we all move forward to explore the Moon.

We'd like to show the world the Moon
In ways they've never seen
And declare our honor to the LEM
Based at Tranquility
We'd like to probe the universe
In ways that will be key
As we all move forward to explore the Moon.

We'd like to use all our STEM
To search the galaxy
Exploring both time and space Seek new realities
We'd like to fill the cosmos with
Peace and humanity
As we all move forward to explore the Moon.

We're building a new Gateway
It is our destiny
A new frontier that we'll explore
Like Eagle in history
That one small step for man still stands
A new giant leap is in the plans
As we all move forward to explore the Moon

-Rebecca Strong



# ... and on to Mars!

STEM Engagement: nasa.gov/stem Apollo Program: nasa.gov/apollo50th Explore Moon to Mars: nasa.gov/moon2mars

Short Rocket Science Videos: nasa.gov/nosmallsteps

Forward to the Moon Activities and Answer Key nasa.gov/exploreractivities

nasa.gov NP-2019-03-2675-HQ